#### § 5.801

proved, the continued service of the appellant will be presumed not compatible with safety at sea, subject to rebuttal by the appellant; in cases of offenses under §5.61(a), a temporary document or license may be denied for that reason alone.

- (b) A stay of the effect of the Decision of the Commandant on Appeal may be granted by the Commandant upon application by the respondent filed with the notice served on the Commandant under 49 CFR 825.5(b).
- (c) An Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, on presentation of an original stay order, issues a temporary document and/or license as specified in the stay order. This document is effective for not more than six months, renewable until such time as the National Transportation Safety Board has completed its review.

# Subpart K—Review of Administrative Law Judge's Decisions in Cases Where Charges Have Been Found Proved

## § 5.801 Commandant's review.

Any decision of an Administrative Law Judge, in which there has been a finding of *proved*, may be called up for review by the Commandant without procedural formality.

# §5.803 Record for decision on review.

The transcript of hearing, together with all papers and exhibits filed, shall constitute the record for consideration and review.

## §5.805 Action on review.

- (a) The Commandant may adopt in whole or in part the findings, conclusions, and basis therefor stated by the Administrative Law Judge, may make entirely new findings on the record, or may remand the case to the Administrative Law Judge for further proceedings.
- (b) In no case will the review by the Commandant be followed by any order increasing the severity of the Administrative Law Judge's original order.
- (c) The Decision of the Commandant on Review, shall be the final agency action in the absence of a remand.

# § 5.807 Commandant's Decision on Review.

The Commandant's Decisions on Review are available for reading purposes at Coast Guard Headquarters, at Offices of District Commanders, Marine Safety Offices and Marine Inspection Offices. (See 33 CFR subpart 1.10.)

## Subpart L—Issuance of New Licenses, Certificates or Documents After Revocation or Surrender

### § 5.901 Time limitations.

- (a) Any person whose license, certificate or document has been revoked or surrendered for one or more of the offenses described in §5.59 and §5.61(a) may, three years after compliance with the Administrative Law Judge's decision and order or the date of voluntary surrender, apply for the issuance of a new license, certificate or document.
- (b) The three year time period may be waived by the Commandant upon a showing by the individual that, since the occurrence upon which the revocation or surrender was based, the individual has demonstrated his good character in the community for a period exceeding three years.
- (c) Any person whose license, certificate or document has been revoked or surrendered for one or more offenses which are not specifically described in \$5.59 or §5.61(a) may, after one year, apply for the issuance of a new license, certificate or document.
- (d) For a person whose license, certificate, or document has been revoked or surrendered for the wrongful simple possession or use of dangerous drugs, the three year time period may be waived by the Commandant upon a showing that the individual:
- (1) Has successfully completed a bona fide drug abuse rehabilitation program;
- (2) Has demonstrated complete nonassociation with dangerous drugs for a minimum of one year following completion of the rehabilitation program and:
- (3) Is actively participating in a bona fide drug abuse monitoring program.
- (e) For a person whose license, certificate or document has been revoked or surrendered for offenses related to